

We have another three-day weekend coming up at the end of the week. It is always nice to have a day off and relax but I wonder how many of you can actually<sup>1</sup> relax. I know the sixth grade are working hard for their university entrance tests<sup>2</sup> and all the other students have started to study for the tests in December. I'm sure your parents are working hard as well, and I know all of the teachers here at school are working hard. So, can we actually relax? I really hope so. Work and study is obviously<sup>3</sup> important but it is not everything. We need balance<sup>4</sup>.

## Something You Didn't Know (Comets<sup>5</sup>)

- The word comet comes from the Latin<sup>6</sup> "cometa" which, in turn<sup>7</sup>, came from the Greek<sup>8</sup> "κομήτης", (komeetees), which means long-haired<sup>9</sup> star.
- Comets are made of rock, dust, ice and frozen gasses<sup>10</sup>. When they fly close to the sun the frozen gasses melt<sup>11</sup> and give the comet the tail<sup>12</sup> we can see.
- 3. We have identified<sup>13</sup> 5186 comets but there are over 1 trillion<sup>14</sup> in our solar system<sup>15</sup>.
- 4. Comets are different to asteroids<sup>16</sup>. Asteroids are pieces of rock which fly until they hit something. Comets are dust and rock frozen together and they can break up when they have exhausted<sup>17</sup> their gasses.
- 5. Some comets have tails that can be over 150,000,000km long!



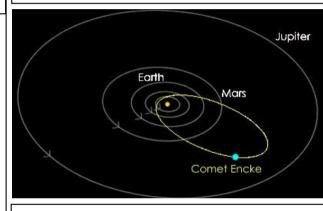


## Announcements

Three teachers have demo classes on Wed so all of you (except those three classes) will go home early. The English department parents have a meeting on Thurs. The JHS have ball sports on Friday.

## <u>News</u> Shooting Star Display Over Sapporo

The Taurid meteor shower<sup>18</sup> peaked<sup>19</sup> last weekend with many shooting stars<sup>20</sup>. They were visible<sup>21</sup> in many parts of the world but in Japan, the sky was cloudy everywhere except<sup>22</sup> Sapporo. Did you get a chance to see them? I went on my balcony with my daughter. She loves anything to do with space and it was cold but fun.



The tail of a comet is usually millions of km long<sup>25</sup>. The tail is composed of<sup>26</sup> gas, bits of ice, small rocks and dust. The earth takes about a month to pass through<sup>27</sup> the tail and the rocks burn up<sup>28</sup> when they hit our atmosphere<sup>29</sup>, causing the shooting stars. Sometimes big rocks burn up, creating very bright displays.



The Taurid meteor shower comes every year between October and November. This year they were brighter than usual. The meteors<sup>23</sup> are part of the tail of the comet Encke. Encke is a ball of rock, ice and gas that is about 4.8km across. It travels around the earth and Mars on an orbit<sup>24</sup> that brings it close to the earth. Sometimes it comes very close.



1.Actually 実際は 2.University entrance tests 大学入試 3.Obviously 明らかに 4.Balance バランス 5.Comet 彗星 6.Latin ラテン語 7.In turn 順繰りに 8.Greek ギリシア語 9.Long-haired 長い髪 10.Frozen gas 凍ったガス 11.Melt 溶ける 12.Tail 尾 13.Identify 確認する 14.Trillion1 兆 15.Solar system 太陽系 16.Asteroid 小感星 17.Exhaust~を使い尽くす 18.Taurid meteor shower おう し座流星群 19.Peak 最大になる 20.Shooting stars 流れ星 21.Visible 目に見え る 22.Except 以外 23.Meteor 隕石 24.Orbit 軌道を回る 25.Millions of km long 数百万キロの長さがある 26.Composed of~から成る 27.Pass through~を通 る 28.Burn up 燃え尽きる 29.Hit the atmosphere 大気にあたる