

4/18/2016 (#1 this year)

Hello! Welcome to Hokusei! Or, welcome back if you are in the second, third, fifth or sixth grades. I have a feeling that this is going to be an incredible year.

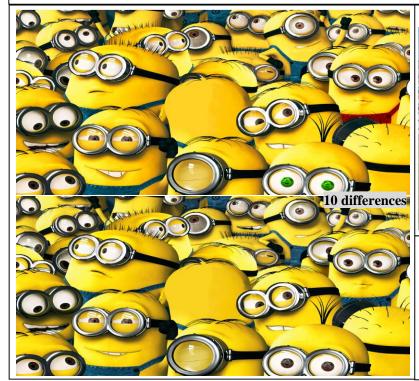
There are four things I want to say here:

1. If you would like this news every Monday then please fill out<sup>2</sup> the bit on the bottom right and leave it on my desk. 2. If you want to practice English there is a folder on the English noticeboard, on the second floor by the student entrance stairs. Write me letters and I will reply. 3. The 多読 library in Call 1 is open every Monday lunchtime if you want to borrow books. 4. My weekly lunchtime lecture<sup>3</sup> series will start next Wednesday. The first topic is penicillin<sup>4</sup>.

I hope you have a great year. I know I will.

# Something You Didn't Know (Glass)

- 1. Glass occurs naturally<sup>5</sup> when sand is superheated<sup>6</sup>. When lightning strikes<sup>7</sup> a desert you can find long thin tendrils<sup>8</sup> of glass. A powerful nuclear explosion can also create glass.
- 2. Glass does not deteriorate<sup>9</sup> with age so it is easy to melt it down and recycle it. Glass can also be recycled indefinitely<sup>10</sup> and does not lose its quality. Recycled glass melts at a lower temperature so it doesn't take as much energy to make recycled glass as it does to make new glass.
- 3. By the 17<sup>th</sup> century glass was cheap enough for regular people to have windows. This made their houses light and helped hygiene<sup>11</sup> because people could see the dirt and vermin<sup>12</sup>.



## Last Week's Answers



#### <u>Announcements</u>

1B have midori on Monday and 1C on Thursday. The English play is on Friday and Saturday. 6F have no afternoon classes all week for practice. Good luck!

## News

# **Ancient Glass Factory Found in Israel.**

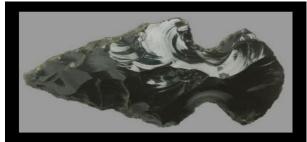
Archaeologists<sup>13</sup> have discovered an ancient<sup>14</sup> glass factory in Israel. It is about 2,000 years old. People have been making glass since about 3,500BC in Egypt, but this is the earliest glass production that has been found in Europe. Ancient man used to use naturally occurring glass shards<sup>15</sup> as tools, weapons or religious objects before it was discovered that you could shape glass.





Glass was a luxury<sup>16</sup> for many centuries as it was not possible to make a lot. Then, in about 100BC, glass blowing<sup>17</sup> was discovered. It was now possible to make a lot of glass cheaply and the Romans started to use it. It became the plastic of their day and many containers<sup>18</sup> were made of it. Then, in 100AD, clear<sup>19</sup> glass was discovered.

From this time onwards glass started to be used as windows in houses (still only for rich people). This discovery in Israel gives us a chance to see how early people were able to work with<sup>20</sup> glass and what they could make.



1.Incredible 驚くべき 2.Fill out 記入する 3.Lecture 講演会 4.Penicillin ペニシリン 5.Occur naturally 自然界に生じる 6.Superheat 超熱する 7.Lightning strike 落雷 8.Tendril 巻きひげ 9.Deteriorate 悪化 10.Indefinitely 無期限に 11.Hygiene 衛生状態 12.Vermin 害虫 13.Archaeologist 考古学者 14.Ancient 古代の 15.Shard 破片 16.Luxury 高級

17.Glass blowing グラスふき製法 18.Container 入れ物 19.Clear 破片 20.Work with~でものを作る

English News は毎週月曜日、英語科生に配布します。英語科以外な生徒が欲しかったら、この切り取りな所を記入して、僕 (Mr. Askew) の机にあげてください。

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